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HOUSE BILL 613

47TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2005

INTRODUCED BY

Thomas E. Swisstack

AN ACT

RELATING TO PHARMACY; PROVIDING AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY
PRESCRIPTIVE DISPENSING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 61-11-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
Chapter 29, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-11-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Pharmacy Act:

A. "administer" means the direct application of a
drug to the body of a patient or research subject by injection,
inhalation, ingestion or any other means as a result of an
order of a licensed practitioner;

B. "board" means the board of pharmacy;

C. "compounding" means preparing, mixing,
assembling, packaging or labeling a drug or device as the
result of a licensed practitioner's prescription or for the

1 purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching or
2 chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing.

3 "Compounding" also includes preparing drugs or devices in
4 anticipation of a prescription based on routine, regularly
5 observed prescribing patterns;

6 D. "confidential information" means information in
7 the patient's pharmacy records accessed, maintained by or
8 transmitted to the pharmacist or communicated to the patient as
9 part of patient counseling and may be released only to the
10 patient or as the patient directs; or to those licensed
11 practitioners and other authorized health care professionals as
12 defined by regulation of the board when, in the pharmacist's
13 professional judgment, such release is necessary to protect the
14 patient's health and well-being; or to such other persons
15 authorized by law to receive such information, regardless of
16 whether such information is on paper, preserved on microfilm or
17 stored on electronic media;

18 E. "consulting pharmacist" means a pharmacist whose
19 services are engaged on a routine basis by a hospital or other
20 health care facility and who is responsible for the
21 distribution, receipt and storage of drugs according to the
22 state and federal regulations;

23 F. "custodial care facility" means a nursing home,
24 retirement care, mental care or other facility that provides
25 extended health care;

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1 G. "dangerous drug" means a drug that is required
2 by an applicable federal or state law or rule to be dispensed
3 pursuant to a prescription or is restricted to use by licensed
4 practitioners; or that is required by federal law to be labeled
5 with any of the following statements prior to being dispensed
6 or delivered:

7 (1) "Caution: federal law prohibits
8 dispensing without prescription.";

9 (2) "Caution: federal law restricts this drug
10 to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian."; or

11 (3) "RX only";

12 H. "device" means an instrument, apparatus,
13 implement, machine, contrivance, implant or similar or related
14 article, including a component part or accessory, that is
15 required by federal law to bear the label, "Caution: federal
16 or state law requires dispensing by or on the order of a
17 physician.";

18 I. "director" means the executive director of the
19 board hired pursuant to Paragraph (12) of Subsection A of
20 Section 61-11-6 NMSA 1978;

21 ~~[F.]~~ J. "dispense" means the evaluation and
22 implementation of a prescription, including the preparation and
23 delivery of a drug or device to a patient or patient's agent in
24 a suitable container appropriately labeled for subsequent
25 administration to or use by a patient;

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1 ~~[J-]~~ K. "distribute" means the delivery of a drug
2 or device other than by administering or dispensing;

3 ~~[K-]~~ L. "drug" means:

4 (1) an article recognized as a drug in any
5 official compendium or its supplement that is designated from
6 time to time by the board for use in the diagnosis, cure,
7 mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in humans or
8 other animals;

9 (2) an article intended for use in the
10 diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of
11 diseases in humans or other animals;

12 (3) an article, other than food, that affects
13 the structure or any function of the body of humans or other
14 animals; and

15 (4) an article intended for use as a component
16 of an article described in Paragraph (1), (2) or (3) of this
17 subsection;

18 ~~[L-]~~ M. "drug regimen review" includes an
19 evaluation of a prescription and patient record for:

- 20 (1) known allergies;
- 21 (2) rational therapy contraindications;
- 22 (3) reasonable dose and route of
23 administration;
- 24 (4) reasonable directions for use;
- 25 (5) duplication of therapy;

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- 1 (6) drug-drug interactions;
2 (7) adverse drug reactions; and
3 (8) proper use and optimum therapeutic
4 outcomes;

5 [M-] N. "electronic transmission" means
6 transmission of information in electronic form or the
7 transmission of the exact visual image of a document by way of
8 electronic equipment;

9 O. "emergency prescription dispensing" means the
10 issuance of a prescription medication when failure to refill or
11 dispense the prescription medication may result in an
12 interruption of a therapeutic regimen or create patient
13 suffering during a civil emergency, a public health emergency
14 as declared by the governor of the state or an adjoining state
15 or as otherwise provided by state or federal law;

16 [N-] P. "hospital" means an institution that is
17 licensed as a hospital by the department of health;

18 [O-] Q. "labeling" means the process of preparing
19 and affixing a label to any drug container exclusive of the
20 labeling by a manufacturer, packer or distributor of a
21 nonprescription drug or commercially packaged prescription drug
22 or device; and which label includes all information required by
23 federal or state law or regulations adopted pursuant to federal
24 or state law;

25 [P-] R. "licensed practitioner" means a person

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1 engaged in a profession licensed by any state, territory or
2 possession of the United States who, within the limits of [~~his~~]
3 the person's license, may lawfully prescribe, dispense or
4 administer drugs for the treatment of a patient's condition;

5 [~~Q-~~] S. "manufacturing" means the production,
6 preparation, propagation, conversion or processing of a drug or
7 device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from
8 substances of natural origin or independently by means of
9 chemical or biological synthesis and includes packaging or
10 repackaging, labeling or relabeling and the promotion and
11 marketing of such drugs or devices. "Manufacturing" also
12 includes the preparation and promotion of commercially
13 available products from bulk compounds for resale by
14 pharmacies, licensed practitioners or other persons;

15 [~~R-~~] T. "nonprescription drugs" means non-narcotic
16 medicines or drugs that may be sold without a prescription and
17 are prepackaged for use by a consumer and are labeled in
18 accordance with the laws and regulations of the state and
19 federal governments;

20 [~~S-~~] U. "nonresident pharmacy" means any pharmacy
21 located outside New Mexico that ships, mails or delivers, in
22 any manner, drugs into New Mexico;

23 [~~T-~~] V. "patient counseling" means the oral
24 communication by the pharmacist of information to a patient or
25 [~~his~~] the patient's agent or caregiver regarding proper use of

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1 a drug or device;

2 [~~U-~~] W. "person" means an individual, corporation,
3 partnership, association or other legal entity;

4 [~~V-~~] X. "pharmaceutical care" means the provision
5 of drug therapy and other patient care services related to drug
6 therapy intended to achieve definite outcomes that improve a
7 patient's quality of life, including identifying potential and
8 actual drug-related problems, resolving actual drug-related
9 problems and preventing potential drug-related problems;

10 [~~W-~~] Y. "pharmacist" means a person who is licensed
11 as a pharmacist in this state;

12 [~~X-~~] Z. "pharmacist in charge" means a pharmacist
13 who accepts responsibility for the operation of a pharmacy in
14 conformance with all laws and rules pertinent to the practice
15 of pharmacy and the distribution of drugs and who is personally
16 in full and actual charge of the pharmacy and its personnel;

17 [~~Y-~~] AA. "pharmacy" means a licensed place of
18 business where drugs are compounded or dispensed and
19 pharmaceutical care is provided;

20 [~~Z-~~] BB. "pharmacist intern" means a person
21 licensed by the board to train under a pharmacist;

22 [~~AA-~~] CC. "pharmacy technician" means a person who
23 is registered to perform repetitive tasks not requiring the
24 professional judgment of a pharmacist;

25 [~~BB-~~] DD. "practice of pharmacy" means the

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1 evaluation and implementation of a lawful order of a licensed
2 practitioner; the dispensing of prescriptions; the
3 participation in drug and device selection or drug
4 administration that has been ordered by a licensed
5 practitioner, drug regimen reviews and drug or drug-related
6 research; the administering or prescribing of dangerous drug
7 therapy; the provision of patient counseling and pharmaceutical
8 care; the responsibility for compounding and labeling of drugs
9 and devices; the proper and safe storage of drugs and devices;
10 and the maintenance of proper records;

11 [~~GG.~~] EE. "prescription" means an order given
12 individually for the person for whom prescribed, either
13 directly from a licensed practitioner or [~~his~~] the licensed
14 practitioner's agent to the pharmacist, including electronic
15 transmission or indirectly by means of a written order signed
16 by the prescriber, that bears the name and address of the
17 prescriber, [~~his~~] the prescriber's license classification, the
18 name and address of the patient, the name and quantity of the
19 drug prescribed, directions for use and the date of issue;

20 [~~DD.~~] FF. "significant adverse drug event" means a
21 drug-related incident that may result in harm, injury or death
22 to the patient; and

23 [~~EE.~~] GG. "wholesale drug distributor" means a
24 person engaged in the wholesale distribution of prescription
25 drugs, including manufacturers, repackers, own-label

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1 distributors, private-label distributors, jobbers, brokers,
2 manufacturer's warehouses, distributor's warehouses, chain drug
3 warehouses, wholesale drug warehouses, independent wholesale
4 drug traders and retail pharmacies that conduct wholesale
5 distribution."

6 Section 2. Section 61-11-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
7 Chapter 29, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

8 "61-11-6. POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD.--

9 A. The board shall:

- 10 (1) adopt, amend or repeal rules and
11 regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of the
12 Pharmacy Act in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform
13 Licensing Act;
- 14 (2) provide for examinations of applicants for
15 licensure as pharmacists;
- 16 (3) provide for the issuance and renewal of
17 licenses for pharmacists;
- 18 (4) require and establish criteria for
19 continuing education as a condition of renewal of licensure for
20 pharmacists;
- 21 (5) provide for the issuance and renewal of
22 licenses for pharmacist interns and for their training,
23 supervision and discipline;
- 24 (6) provide for the licensing of retail
25 pharmacies, nonresident pharmacies, wholesale drug

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1 distributors, drug manufacturers, hospital pharmacies, nursing
2 home drug facilities, industrial and public health clinics and
3 all places where dangerous drugs are stored, distributed,
4 dispensed or administered and provide for the inspection of the
5 facilities and activities;

6 (7) enforce the provisions of all laws of the
7 state pertaining to the practice of pharmacy and the
8 manufacture, production, sale or distribution of drugs or
9 cosmetics and their standards of strength and purity;

10 (8) conduct hearings upon charges relating to
11 the discipline of a registrant or licensee or the denial,
12 suspension or revocation of a registration or a license in
13 accordance with the Uniform Licensing Act;

14 (9) cause the prosecution of any person
15 violating the Pharmacy Act, the New Mexico Drug, Device and
16 Cosmetic Act or the Controlled Substances Act;

17 (10) keep a record of all proceedings of the
18 board;

19 (11) make an annual report to the governor;

20 (12) appoint and employ, in the board's
21 discretion, a qualified person who is not a member of the board
22 to serve as executive director and define ~~[his]~~ the executive
23 director's duties and responsibilities; except that the power
24 to deny, revoke or suspend any license or registration
25 authorized by the Pharmacy Act shall not be delegated by the

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1 board;

2 (13) appoint and employ inspectors necessary
3 to enforce the provisions of all acts under the administration
4 of the board, which inspectors shall be pharmacists and have
5 all the powers and duties of peace officers;

6 (14) provide for other qualified employees
7 necessary to carry out the provisions of the Pharmacy Act;

8 (15) have the authority to employ a competent
9 attorney to give advice and counsel in regard to any matter
10 connected with the duties of the board, to represent the board
11 in any legal proceedings and to aid in the enforcement of the
12 laws in relation to the pharmacy profession and to fix the
13 compensation to be paid to the attorney; provided, however,
14 that the attorney shall be compensated from the money of the
15 board, including that provided for in Section 61-11-19 NMSA
16 1978;

17 (16) register and regulate qualifications,
18 training and permissible activities of pharmacy technicians;

19 (17) provide a registry of all persons
20 licensed as pharmacists or pharmacist interns in the state;

21 (18) adopt rules and regulations that
22 prescribe the activities and duties of pharmacy owners and
23 pharmacists in the provision of pharmaceutical care, emergency
24 prescription dispensing, drug regimen review and patient
25 counseling in each practice setting; [~~and~~]

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1 (19) adopt, after approval by the New Mexico
2 medical board [~~of medical examiners~~] and the board of nursing,
3 rules and protocols for the prescribing of dangerous drug
4 therapy, including vaccines and immunizations, and the
5 appropriate notification of the primary or appropriate
6 physician of the person receiving the dangerous drug therapy;
7 and

8 (20) adopt rules for authorization of
9 emergency prescription dispensing by the director.

10 B. The board may:

11 (1) delegate its authority to the executive
12 director to issue temporary licenses as provided in Section
13 61-11-14 NMSA 1978; and

14 (2) provide by regulation for the electronic
15 transmission of prescriptions."

16 Section 3. Section 61-11-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
17 Chapter 29, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

18 "61-11-7. DRUG DISPENSATION--LIMITATIONS.--

19 A. The Pharmacy Act does not prohibit:

20 (1) any hospital or state or county
21 institution or clinic without the services of a staff
22 pharmacist from acquiring and having in its possession any
23 dangerous drug for the purpose of dispensing if it is in a
24 dosage form suitable for dispensing and if the hospital,
25 institution or clinic employs a consulting pharmacist, and if

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1 the consulting pharmacist is not available, the withdrawal of
2 any drug from stock by a licensed professional nurse on the
3 order of a licensed practitioner in such amount as needed for
4 administering to and treatment of [~~his~~] the patient;

5 (2) the extemporaneous preparation by a
6 licensed professional nurse on the order of a licensed
7 practitioner of simple solutions for injection when the
8 solution may be prepared from a quantity of drug that has been
9 prepared previously by a pharmaceutical manufacturer or
10 pharmacist and obtained by a hospital, institution or clinic in
11 a form suitable for the preparation of the solution;

12 (3) the sale of non-narcotic, nonpoisonous or
13 nondangerous nonprescription medicines or preparations by
14 nonregistered persons or unlicensed stores when sold in their
15 original containers;

16 (4) the sale of drugs intended for veterinary
17 use; provided that if such drugs bear the legend: "Caution:
18 federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a
19 licensed veterinarian.", the drug may be sold or distributed
20 only as provided in Subsection A of Section 26-1-15 NMSA 1978,
21 by a person possessing a license issued by the board pursuant
22 to Subsection B of Section 61-11-14 NMSA 1978;

23 (5) the sale to or possession or
24 administration of topical ocular pharmaceutical agents by
25 licensed optometrists who have been certified by the board of

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1 optometry for the use of such agents;

2 (6) the sale to or possession or
3 administration of oral pharmaceutical agents as authorized in
4 Subsection A of Section 61-2-10.2 NMSA 1978 by licensed
5 optometrists who have been certified by the board of optometry
6 for the use of such agents;

7 (7) pharmacy technicians from providing
8 assistance to pharmacists;

9 (8) a pharmacist from prescribing dangerous
10 drug therapy, including vaccines and immunizations, under rules
11 and protocols adopted by the board after approval by the New
12 Mexico medical board [~~of medical examiners~~] and the board of
13 nursing; [~~or~~]

14 (9) a pharmacist from exercising [~~his~~]
15 professional judgment in refilling a prescription for a
16 prescription drug, unless prohibited by another state or
17 federal law, without the authorization of the prescribing
18 licensed practitioner, if:

19 (a) failure to refill the prescription
20 might result in an interruption of a therapeutic regimen or
21 create patient suffering;

22 (b) the pharmacist is unable to contact
23 the licensed practitioner after reasonable effort;

24 (c) the quantity of prescription drug
25 dispensed does not exceed a seventy-two-hour supply;

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1 (d) the pharmacist informs the patient
2 or the patient's agent at the time of dispensing that the
3 refill is being provided without such authorization and that
4 authorization of the licensed practitioner is required for
5 future refills; and

6 (e) the pharmacist informs the licensed
7 practitioner of the emergency refill at the earliest reasonable
8 time; or

9 (10) a pharmacist from dispensing medication
10 pursuant to Paragraphs (18) and (20) of Subsection A of Section
11 61-11-6 NMSA 1978.

12 B. All prescriptions requiring the preparation of
13 dosage forms or amounts of dangerous drugs not available in the
14 stock of a hospital, institution or clinic or a prescription
15 requiring compounding shall be either compounded or dispensed
16 only by a pharmacist."